

1. Summary information	n: IMPACT REPO	ORT								
School	Hayes School	ayes School								
Academic year	2018-19		Total PP budget		·			Date of most recent external PP review		Dec 18
Total number of pupils	444 (404 excluding nursery)		Number of pupils eligible for PP		148 (36.5%)		Date of Internal review of this strategy		:w	Sept 2019
2. Current Attainment 8	& Progress						,			
KS2	18/19 PP Hayes Attainment	18/19 All Haye	s 18/19 PP National	18/19 All National	18/19 PP Hayes Progress	18/19 All F Progress	layes	18/19 PP National Progress	-	9 All onal Progress
Combined R, W & M	71%	81%	51%	65%	N/A					
Reading	81%	88%	62%	73%	+3.03	+2.45		-0.62	+0.0	)3
Writing	71%	83%	68%	78%	+1.95	+1.6		+0.26	TBC	
Maths	86%	93%	67%	79%	+4.07	+4.11		-0.71	+0.0	)3
KS 1										
% Reading attainment	63%	73%	62%	75%						
% Writing attainment	58%	68%	55%	70%						
% Maths attainment	67%	73%	63%	76%						
% passing phonics	78%	75%	70%	82%						
screening Year 1										
EYFS				2018						
% pupils achieving a good level of development	64%	73%	ТВС	72%						

3. Ba	3. Barriers to future attainment (for pupils eligible for PP, including high attaining)						
In sc	hool barriers						
Α	Behaviour issues for a small group of L KS2 pupils (mostly eligible for PP) are having a detrimental effect on their academic progress and that of their						
	peers.						
В	Social and emotional issues (particularly making relationships and managing feelings and behaviours) for a number of children in Early Years impact						
	their own and other's access to the wider curriculum						
С	Children who do not leave KS1 being able to read fluently struggle to access the KS2 curriculum.						
D	A group of children in upper key stage 2 do not demonstrate the resilience and aspiration to progress in writing						
E	Many children within our school have a lack of aspiration resulting in lack of independence from too many children. Too few children have not been						
	active, diligent & responsible learners						
Exte	rnal barriers						
F	Attendance rates for FSM children 16/17 was 93.9% 17/18 was 94.4% (compared to our 97% target). This reduces the number of hours spent in school						
	learning.						

4 Desi	4 Desired Outcomes							
	Desired outcomes and how they will be measured	Success Criteria						
Α	100% of children to pass the phonics screening by end of KS1 regardless of entry point	Phonics teaching is of a high standard and focuses on reading in order to support the greatest number of year 1 pupils to be fluent with their decoding skills (82% passing year 1 screening). Target of 82% of Pupil Premium children passing Year 1 phonics screen. Intervention and support is designed an evaluated to ensure those in year have developed their decoding skills to improve. This is being supported by our involvement with Phonics for Fluency last year and this year's collaboration with another school to improve outcomes in reading.						
В	Higher rates of progress for PP children in English over the next two academic years	Build on the previous year's Reading and writing successes for Pupil Premium progress in Years 5 & 6 to improve outcomes in Years 3 & 4. Reading and Writing outcomes for end of key stage children increased from 52% last year to 80% in 2018/19 for reading. In writing, the children will achieve 80% (improving on last year's 65%) and closing the gap to 80% in GPS (improving on last year's 56%).  Year 3 & 4 to narrow the gap in Reading and Writing, by significantly improving children's attitudes to Reading and Writing. See Pre and Post surveys linked to Writing samples and Reading ages and Reading summary.						
С	Increased attendance rates for pupils eligible for PP	Reduce the number of persistent absence among pupils eligible for PP to 4% or below. Overall PP attendance improves from 93.9% 16/17- 94.4% in 17/18 to 97% in line with our aspirational school target.						

D	Behaviour is improved amongst all children across the early years Foundation Stage (EYFS) and Key Stage 1 to ensure they are ready to learn and make expected academic process.	Our behaviour intervention and support programmes are streamlined; directed at highest area of need and the impact evaluated systemically in order for children to be given the help they need.
E	Meta cognition & Self Regulation- (Building on the successes of Growth Mindset Work) All children from Years 2 to 6 will be responsible for managing their learning autonomously. Reception and Year 1 will be able to articulate how they can improve and what they need to do next to improve.	The children will be able to identify the key steps for keeping their own learning on track in order to access the curriculum at their ARE or above- resulting in a rise in attainment in Maths & English (70 % in KS1 and 70% R, W & M in KS2) narrowing the gap towards non-disadvantaged children.

Please note: This document should be read in conjunction with our SIP's and other linked action plans

## 5. Planned expenditure

Academic year: 2018-19

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i : Quality of teaching							
Desired Outcome	Cost	Pupil premium used for:	What is the evidence and rationale for	How will this activity be	Actual impact:		
		Year 2018/19	the approach / action?	monitored, when and by	Review date		
				whom? How will success be	What did the action or		
				evidenced?	activity actually achieve?		
B: Higher rates of progress	0.2	Deputy Headteacher (DHT)	Evidence shows improvements in	Classes or teachers will be	Practice of Y6 team changed		
for PP children in English	£11,440	employed to teach in	teacher pedagogy can come from lesson	chosen for a partnership by	with planning grouping and		
over the next two		partnerships in year six	Study approach – this is using this	HT based on appraisal	differentiation- See Year Six		
academic years		English and Maths.	approach on a more day-to-day basis	observations, book scrutiny	Plan		
		The purpose will be to	over half a term.	and pupil data. DHT will	Quantitative Measures		
E: Meta cognition & Self		plan, deliver and reflect on	The approach intervenes with teachers	discuss intended outcomes	KS 1 -2 Progress		
Regulation- (Building on		lessons taught together in	during planning by making suggestions	with teacher before	Pupil premium		
the successes of Growth		order to improve task	or asking challenging questions to	commencing intervention	2019 2018		
Mindset Work) All children		design and use of	ensure outcomes have carefully been	and evaluate after. SLT will	Reading <b>+3.03</b> V -0.01		
from Y2-6 will be		Assessment for Learning in	considered; modelling aspects of	scrutinise data to ensure an	Writing <b>+1.95</b> V -2.85		
responsible for managing		order to provide suitable	lessons to expose teachers to a new	impact has been made.	Maths <b>+4.07</b> V -3.74		
their learning		learning opportunities for	approach; working with specific groups	Pupil observations will be			
autonomously. R & Y1 will		all pupils. Active learning	of pupils to narrow the gap or extend	made before and after	Pupil Premium children		
be able to articulate how		will also be improved	and challenge; evaluate lesson –	partnership to observe the	have increased steadily at		
they can improve and what		through varying and	considering what needs to come next in	engagement in learning	KS 2 with a combined R,W &		
· ·		reflecting on whole class	the sequence; and support with	before and after	M attainment % increase		
they need to do next to		teaching techniques.	effective marking and feedback.	intervention. Questionnaires	over three years from:		
improve.				will be given about pupil's	25% 2017		
				attitude to learning.	41% 2018		
B: Higher rates of progress	£33,338	Pay for an additional year 6	Reduced class sizes mean more	Monitored by SLT and	71% 2019		
for PP children in English		teacher to split 2 form year	targeted support for all children in their	governors consulted	Qualitative Measures		
over the next two		6 between 3 teachers for	learning and supporting their	regarding sustainability and	Pupils felt confident more		
academic years		morning lessons providing	behaviours for learning.	impact of extra adult	confident across the school		
F. Mata associations & Colf		a high ratio of adult/pupil	There are a number of pupils which	provision. PPM will scrutinise	completing SAT's and PIRA		
E: Meta cognition & Self		support.	display disruptive behaviour if needs	progress data throughout	and PUMAs		
Regulation- (Building on		In addition to class-based	are not met sufficiently. Reduced class	the year and ensure adult	Very few incidents involving		
the successes of Growth		TAs.	sizes will enable teachers to plan for	ratios are be used to	behaviour including only		
Mindset Work)		Throughout the year	more targeted support.	greatest effect for academic	one fixed term exclusion in		
All children from Y2-6 will			Reducing Class Sizes: EEF +3	progress and ensure pastoral	Y6 and 4		
, an enhancer from 12 o will			Reducing class size appears to result in around 3	needs are being met.			

be responsible for managing their learning autonomously. R & Y1 will be able to articulate how they can improve and what they need to do next to improve.			months' additional progress for pupils, on average. Intuitively, it seems obvious that reducing the number of pupils in a class will improve the quality of teaching and learning, for example by increasing the amount of high quality feedback or one to one attention learners receive.		
A: 100% of children to pass the phonics screening by end of KS1 regardless of entry point  B: Higher rates of progress for PP children in English over the next two academic years  E: Meta cognition & Self-Regulation- (Building on success of Growth Mindset Work) All children from Y2-6 will be responsible for managing their learning autonomously. R & Y1 will be able to articulate how they can improve and what they need to do next to improve.	KS1- KS2 (4 Senior Teachers) Approx £5000	Funding release time for senior leaders (or specialist teachers) to support other teachers.  Phase leads, and Outstanding teachers to model outstanding teaching & support phase with planning sequences, behaviour management and assessment.	Evidence shows improvements in teacher pedagogy can come from lesson Study approach.  The approach intervenes with teachers during planning by making suggestions or asking challenging questions to ensure outcomes have carefully been considered; modelling aspects of lessons to expose teachers to a new approach; working with specific groups of pupils to narrow the gap or extend and challenge; evaluate lesson — considering what needs to come next in the sequence; and support with effective marking and feedback.	To increase pupil engagement in learning and increase number to 100% lessons monitored achieving good or better. Monitored by SLT, SIP and reported to governors	Pupil Premium children in Year one outperformed non-pupil premium children in 2019 with 78% PP chn passing the year one screen. 6/8 PP children who took the phonics screen did not pass. PP funding in 2019/20 will account for additional catch up provision for these children entering Year 3 in order that they pass the screen in Year 3.
E: Meta cognition & Self Regulation- (Building on the successes of Growth Mindset Work).  All children from Year 2 to Year 6 will be responsible for managing their learning	0.4 £19,752	Employment of music specialist teacher to ensure pupils have high quality music and drama teaching from someone who is passionate and well skilled.	High quality arts education, as part of weekly music lessons and blocked drama teaching in specific year groups, will be used to promote enjoyment in school and build self-esteem. Having a year group or class orchestra means pupils feel part of a community; they can make a positive contribution	Pupil questionnaires to understand the impact of music and drama teaching towards their attitudes to school and how they value themselves as learners.	Children overwhelmingly value the Music in the school and this raises confidence as the children perform as an ensemble on a weekly basis. Ofsted recognise the value of this as a "significant strength of

autonomously. R & Y1 will be able to articulate how they can improve and what they need to do next to improve.			irrespective of maths, reading or language attainment and have a clear responsibility as part of an ensemble. Arts participation: EEF +2  Overall, the impact of arts participation on academic learning appears to be positive but low. Improved outcomes have been identified in English, mathematics and science learning. On average greater effects have been identified for younger learners.  In some cases, specific arts activities have been linked with benefits on particular outcomes. For example, there is some evidence of a positive link between music and spatial awareness. Wider benefits on attitudes to learning and well-being have also consistently been reported.		the school." 2017 The children have also achieved the Sing Up Gold Award which continues to remain high profile in the school. All children at Hayes School (regardless of background) have an entitlement to play a musical instrument.
A: 100% of children to pass the phonics screening by end of KS1 regardless of entry point	DHT £1,000	Releasing the phonics specialist and Y1 team to observe the quality of phonics provision working in partnership with another local school. KS1; to train teachers and TAs in the use of effective phonics teaching and to support in planning so all pupils make their optimum progress.	This approach is supported by our involvement in the phonics for fluency programme. By having a teacher cover the class at these times, high quality teaching is not being missed and groups can carry on as usual so to enable minimal disruption to learning.  Phonics: EEF +4  Phonics approaches have been consistently found to be effective in supporting younger readers to master the basics of reading, with an average impact of an additional four months' progress.  Research suggests that phonics is particularly beneficial for younger learners (4-7 year olds) as they begin to read. Teaching phonics is more effective on average than other approaches to early reading (such as whole language or alphabetic approaches), though it should be emphasised that effective phonics techniques are usually embedded in a rich literacy environment for early readers and are only one part of a successful literacy strategy.	Monitoring and data collection is built into the Year one action plan. Regular screening of pupils decoding skills will be used to track progress of key groups throughout the academic year. Phase one lead to oversee.	Phonics screen has improved outcomes for Pupil Premium children (noted above). A more robust approach to reading this year has ensured specific streaming has increased rates of progress, with groups becoming more fluid, with children changing groups as required on a half termly basis. Additionally, the school has purchased a range of Read Write Inc Phonics Books and two senior leaders attended RWI training in order to closely meet the needs of every child - See 2019/20 Early Reading SIP.

ii : Targeted Support	ii : Targeted Support						
Desired Outcome		Pupil premium used for: Year 2018/19	What is the evidence and rationale for the approach / action?	How will this activity be monitored, when and by whom? How will success be evidenced?	Actual impact: Review date What did the action or activity actually achieve?		
A: 100% of children to pass the phonics screening by end of KS1 regardless of entry point  B: Higher rates of progress for PP children in English over the next two academic years	£1000	High quality and accredited intervention programme training will be 'topped up' in order for intervention programmes to have maximum effect.  TAs will be sent on subject knowledge specific training to develop their areas of expertise.  The HLTA will monitor the intervention trackers for English.	The children will close the gap on peers in those particular subject areas. Small Group Tuition EEF: +4 Small group tuition is defined as one teacher or professional educator working with two, three, four, or five pupils. This arrangement enables the teacher to focus exclusively on a small number of learners, usually on their own in a separate classroom or working area. Intensive tuition in small groups is often provided to support lower attaining learners or those who are falling behind, but it can also be used as a more general strategy to ensure effective progress, or to teach challenging topics or skills.	Leaders will select intervention programme and staff suitable for training. Children's progress will be monitored half termly by teachers' pupil progress meetings and through pupil progress meetings.	Reading Intervention using Reading Champion daily in EYFS and Y2 making accelerated progress- See Intervention Trackers SENDCO and TA cover reading interventions in Y1. Accelerated progress for reading – See intervention trackers. KS 1 PP children outperformed national PP children, below: Quantitative Measures KS 1 Pupil Premium 2019 Attainment Hayes National Reading 63% V 62% Writing 58% V 55% Maths 67% V 63% We aim to improve this next year as our Y1 PP children outperformed non PP children but were still marginally below national.		
B: Higher rates of progress for PP children in English over the next two academic years	0.5 £24,690	'Inspirational' teacher employed 5 mornings a week to deliver 'School without Walls' Programme and reading and Writing programme for pupils with specific gaps in learning.	To develop resilience and aspiration in order to develop positive learning attitudes and enhanced confidence and skills with their writing when integrating back into class.  Outdoor Adventure Learning EEF: +4	Children identified through data by not making expected progress over previous academic year.  PPM and SLT to monitor impact on academic outcomes and behavioural	Progress evident for PP chn in books and Writing grids for Year five Pupil Premium children making accelerated progress after 6 X weeks. Children into class and more motivated to write.		

		Type of intervention will vary based on pupil need across the academic year. Data, PPM, teacher (or specialist) knowledge and pupil voice will all contribute to intervention design.  Minibus maintained to provide learning opportunities beyond school - through School Without Walls programme. An optimum 6 week programme is used with weekly excursions (Hooks), essentially out of class. This creates a context and purpose for writing.	Overall, studies of adventure learning interventions consistently show positive benefits on academic learning. On average, pupils who participate in adventure learning interventions make approximately four additional months' progress over the course of a year. There is also evidence of an impact on non-cognitive outcomes such as self-confidence.  The children will close the gap on peers in those particular subject areas. Small Group Tuition EEF: +4 Small group tuition is defined as one teacher or professional educator working with two, three, four, or five pupils. This arrangement enables the teacher to focus exclusively on a small number of learners, usually on their own in a separate classroom or working area. Intensive tuition in small groups is often provided to support lower attaining learners or those who are falling behind, but it can also be used as a more general strategy to ensure effective progress, or teach challenging topics or skills.	changes.  SLT and class teachers to monitor children when integrated back into the class. Are they able to apply their learning?	Pupil Premium achieved +3.4 levels of progress in writing by the end of year six.
E: Meta cognition & Self Regulation- (Building on the successes of Growth Mindset Work) All children from Y2-6 will be responsible for managing their learning autonomously. R & Y1 will be able to articulate how they can improve and what they need to do next to improve	JB £25,082	Highly qualified Maths Champion employed to support groups of children underachieving.  Complimentary Interventions will be tailored from information gained from diagnostic assessments, teacher liaison and pupil conferencing	To develop confidence in maths for children working in small groups in morning and afternoon sessions.  The Maths Champion will support more able mathematicians achieving Greater Depth and specific children with gaps in subject knowledge  The Maths champion will work to support TA's through monitoring of Maths intervention programmes as well as supporting staff through partnership models of teaching a sequence together.  Small Group Tuition EEF: +4  Small group tuition is defined as one teacher or	Maths lead to monitor impact of interventions and meet with teachers and Maths champion to identify areas of need throughout the year for Pre & post teaching Interventions. Pupil Progress Meetings will identify those children needing to make accelerated progress. HT & DHT to signpost teachers to Maths champion when support is needed. Pupil questionnaires to be used to monitor their attitudes to maths and how	The Maths Champion's work has been instrumental in the school improvement with Hayes PP children outperforming national all with 79% Hayes children achieving ARE V 76% at national average in KS 2 2019. PP  NB: Maths Champion no longer at the school due to a significant promotion (from Dec 18).

A: 100% of children to pass the phonics screening by end of KS1 regardless of entry point	LM £15,071	Mrs Moore employed to deliver and train other staff to deliver effective speech and language intervention  Children identified as low in below in communication and language (EYFSP) or below ARE through teacher judgements receive regular speech and language intervention either through a specific programme designed by external SLT or other interventions that are accredited for impact. Throughout the year	professional educator working with two, three, four, or five pupils. This arrangement enables the teacher to focus exclusively on a small number of learners, usually on their own in a separate classroom or working area. Intensive tuition in small groups is often provided to support lower attaining learners or those who are falling behind, but it can also be used as a more general strategy to ensure effective progress, or teach challenging topics or skills.  To develop speech and language as an early intervention and ready children for the rigours of a KS 1 English curriculum.  There are a number of children's whose difficulty in forming relationships and managing their feelings in EYFS has a negative impact on their learning behaviours and academic progress in class. There is a positive correlation between this outcome and those with Sp & L and communication problems.  Oral language interventions: EEF +5  Overall, studies of oral language interventions consistently show positive benefits on learning, including oral language skills and reading comprehension. On average, pupils who participate in oral language interventions make approximately five months' additional progress over the course of a year.	they view themselves as mathematicians before and after interventions.  Teachers will make assessments on pupils for evaluation by the SENDCo/phase leader who will recommend the type of intervention or request external agency involvement.  LM reports back to CT what they have been practicing in order to build on this in class.  Impact monitored by SENDCO	Speech and language interventions demonstrate accelerated progress for our PP children through our Speech and Language Champion. PP children outperformed non-PP children in the Y1 phonics screen. The work of our S&L Champion has been commended by the local Speech Therapist and head of S&L at the John Parkes unit.
D: Behaviour is improved amongst all children across EYFS and KS1 to ensure they are ready to learn and make expected academic process	JP £14,181 SW £6,396 DB- £6,988	Pastoral support- releasing Mrs Palfrey, Ms Walker, Mrs Booth, in afternoons to deliver Thrive, SEAL and Baby SEAL. Children identified through thrive assessment will be	Will help the children move through the stages of development allowing them to learn more effectively ensuring their emotional needs are met and they are ready to learn.  Social and Emotional Learning EEF +4  On average, SEL interventions have an	Mrs Palfrey up-to-date with Thrive training and recommendations. Thrive is an accredited intervention for supporting behaviour. Repeating of thrive assessments to	Children managed within the EYFS and KS1 setting through 1:1 nurture provision. Staff manage children's day through managed provision during Learning and breaktimes. This has enabled

		offered sessions in small groups or a 1:1 basis depending on need.	identifiable and significant impact on attitudes to learning, social relationships in school, and attainment itself (four months' additional progress on average).	monitor progress. Through tracking their academic progress using SPTO. SEAL training is also kept up to date and supported by the SENDCo. Monitored by SENDCo/ Mrs Palfrey.	progress not to be hindered in EYFS and Y1, with progress seen in data, through PIRA, PUMA and in books.
iii : Other approaches  Desired Outcome		Pupil premium used for:	What is the evidence and rationale	How will this activity be	Actual impact:
Desired outcome		Year 2018/19 Summary of intervention / action including details of year groups involved and timescale	for the approach / action?	monitored, when and by whom? How will success be evidenced?	Review date What did the action or activity actually achieve?
B: Higher rates of progress for PP children in English over the next two academic years	Approx £3000	Subsidising trips, enrichment activities and educational visitors for all year groups where there is a direct and specific learning focus/ outcome.	To build self esteem, resilience and knowledge. To provide children with a shared experience and ensure they feel part of the school community and have a sense of belonging. Real life experiences provide enrichment for writing opportunities and motivation to write.	Phase leader will ensure visits and visitors have a direct impact on learning and the theme taught. They will look for evidence of progression of those children both socially & academically. PPM will provide opportunity to share successes.	Themes with trips or visitors attached have really enthused children within writing activities. These are evident in books and through parental feedback (where outcomes have showcased learning). Subsidised residentials have developed confidence in many of our more vulnerable disadvantaged pupils.
A: 100% of children to pass phonics screening by end	DT 0.1	SENCO to focus on PP children with SEND and	Previously the SENDco was released but staffing issues resulted in capacity	Monitored by SLT, Assessment Lead and	Quantitative Measures The progress gap for SEND
of KS1 regardless of entry point	£5,720	working with LM (S&L) in providing specific 1:1 & small group interventions	being limited. Identify gaps and provide support for intervention or resources for teachers	reported to governors through SEN report, case study and SENCO report on	children for year 6 2019 is: SEND KS 1 -2 Progress Gap 2019 2018
B: Higher rates of progress for PP children in English over next 2 academic years		SENCo to work with teachers, subject leads and Ed Psych in order to track	and TAs in order to close gap and increase number of PP children making expected or higher than expected progress.	PP provision for SEN children at EYFS, KS 1 & KS 2	Hayes National Reading +4.67 V -1.02 Writing -1.04 V -1.74 Maths +4.71 V -1.03
E: Meta cognition & Self Regulation- (Building on		pupil premium + SEND children across the school	Ensure suitable staff have had the		5/8 of these children above were PP and these double

the successes of Growth Mindset Work) All children from Y2-6 responsible for managing their learning autonomously. R & Y1 will be able to articulate how they can improve and what they need to do next to improve.		identifying barriers and supporting the implementation of intervention/involvement of external agencies.	correct training for the intervention and support they're given.		disadvantaged made better than national progress in R, W & M.  In-house PP data across the school demonstrates following progress in each year group. The accuracy of these judgements are substantiated by PIRA and AR reading age scores for reading and through EGG's and moderation in writing:
C: Increased attendance rates for pupils eligible for PP	CF 0.1 £3,249 DT 0.05 £2,860 Attenda nce Admin EW 0.25 £6,456	Work of family support worker. The role will include: schools attendance officer working with admin staff member responsible for attendance at 0.25  Support vulnerable PP families during periods of holiday  Providing support for families and children and signpost and liaise with external agencies.	Mrs Farmer to work with families to support them overcoming their barriers for their children attending school regularly and on time. If children are in school, they will be engaged in lessons & make progress. Parental involvement EEF: +3  Although parental involvement is consistently associated with pupils' success at school, the evidence about how to increase involvement to improve attainment is mixed and much less conclusive. This is particularly the case for disadvantaged families. There is some evidence that supporting parents with their first child will have benefits for siblings. However, there are also examples where combining parental engagement strategies with other interventions, such as extended early years provision, has not been associated with any additional educational benefit. This suggests that developing effective parental involvement to improve their children's attainment is challenging and will need careful monitoring and evaluation.	Track attendance figures.  Monitor the impact on academic and social progress for those pupils catered for by funded breakfast club.  Provide case study evidence of how improvements of pupil behaviour and parental communication.	Attendance figures have improved over the last two year as of PP children Overall Attendance: 16/17 = 93.6% 17/18= 94.6% 18/19= 94.5% Additional work to improve attendance is outlined in the SEF and tracked robustly with half termly reports.  Work of CF and DSL can be seen by Weekly Safeguarding minutes evidencing work to support vulnerable families.  Free breakfast introduced for all children at Hayes in 2019 has ensured every child at Hayes has a nutritious breakfast regardless of background. Cooked by kitchen and delivered to classes.

iv : Additional actions with no cost								
Desired Outcome	Pupil premium used for: Year 2017/18 Summary of intervention / action including details of year groups involved and timescale	What is the evidence and rationale for the approach / action?	How will this activity be monitored, when and by whom? How will success be evidenced?	Actual impact: Review date What did the action or activity actually achieve?				
All Outcomes	Assign a governor to monitor impact of PP strategy and provide challenge and feedback to SLT	Previously no one governor had an indepth understanding of the PP provision and costings. This allocates a specific person to represent the governing body to be challenging and support with evaluation.  This more rigorous system holds the HT & SLT to account for PP funding.	Governing body and any external agencies that are requested to evaluate our impact.	PP case studies analysed by governors and triangulated through Front Facing Governors Day, where chn were conferenced with and governors evidencing additional provision- See Gov Visit notes and PP case studies for each year group. AH (Vice Chair met with MCH to discuss provision for disadvantaged pupils).				
B: Higher rates of progress for PP children in English over the next two academic years	Reallocation of role of class based TA's in Year six in order to support key groups (in class) and to provide cover for class teacher to run interventions in the afternoon.	Mastery learning approach through 'keep up intervention' enables children to understand and address misconceptions from their learning allowing them to narrow the gap with their peers and keep up with class learning.  EEF: +5  There are a number of meta-analyses which indicate that, on average, mastery learning approaches are effective, leading to an additional five months' progress over the course of a school year compared to traditional approaches.	Class teachers using EGGs (writing) to assess individual and group progress. Over seen & scrutinised by SLT during Pupil progress meetings. Monitored by English lead.	Significant progress made by children in year six and visible in books for PP children at ARE or above, and reflected in progress data.  Quantitative Measures KS 1 -2 Progress compared with previous year. Pupil premium  2019 2018 Reading +4.67 V -0.01 Writing -1.04 V -2.85 Maths +4.71 V -3.74				